NEW YORK, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1901.—Copyright, 1901, by The Sun Printing and Publishing Association

MRS. THEO. SUTRO DISPUTES "DOCTOR" WARD'S BILL.

SUED BY HER SOMATOPATHIST

she Says She Took His Treatment With the Understanding That It Was to Be Given Free in Consideration of Her Booming It to Influential Friends

Mrs. Theodore Sutro appeared as defendant yesterday in Civil Justice Josephs's court in a suit for \$90 brought by a somatopathist for services rendered. The somatopathist is Julius A. Ward, D. D., M. S. and D. O. Most of the afternoon was taken up in disclosing what the services of a somato Some time was also consumed in discussing the sufficiency of the degree of doctor of divinity to cover the services of one who cannot under the laws of this State call himself a doctor of physical

Mrs. Sutro's defence was that Ward was a quack in the first place, and in the second place that she had agreed that in full exchange for his services to her she would introduce him to her many friends and acquaintances and induce them to patronize him. Mr. Sutro appeared as his wife's

The reverend somatopathist is a mildlooking man with a gray beard and he is of highly professional appearance. He moved about the court room during the trial in a highly deprecatory manner. His hands seemed to be always outstretched in an appeal to somebody not to do or say anything unkind or unpleasant.

He took the stand as his own first witness He defined somatopathy as the science which by manipulating and desensitizing the patient makes possible the correction of physical irregularities or omissions or diseases, due to maladjustments. The somatopathist's lawyer wanted to know how Mrs. Sutro was treated.

"By manipulation," said the Rev. Dr

Ward. admit the manipulation," inter-Mr. Sutro hurriedly; "our conrupted tention is that he cannot recover. It is not necessary to go into any details about the

services "I will not permit that matter to be gone into, Mr. Sutro," said the Court.

The Rev. Dr. Ward said that Mrs. Sutro

came to him and asked for treatment. He named his price for thirteen treatments and she said that she could not afford to pay it. He then agreed to accept \$40. She took the treatment for a month and paid for it. She afterward took the treatment for three months and did not pay.

The Rev. Dr. Ward asserted that he had never represented himself to be a physician. On cross-examination by Mr. Sutro, he admitted that certain circulars and cards presented in evidence by Mr. Sutro had been issued by him to advertise his practice The card bore the symbols "M. S. and D. O." In the pamphlet "M. S. and D. O." In the pamphlet the somatopathist spoke of an institute of somatopathy of which he had been President and which was to have issued degrees of master of somatopathy and diplomat of somatopathy or "D. S." He said that "diplomats" were sometimes known as "doctors." He said that no degrees had ever been issued and that the institute had gone out of existence. His own degree of "D. O." he said, meant diplomat of osteopathy and had been conferred by a Chicago institution. This naive admission caused a giggle which the Court suppressed. He was asked why he permitted himself to be called "doctor." the red by a Chicago institution. This naïve admission caused a giggle which the Court suppressed. He was asked why he permitted himself to be called "doctor." He replied that it was because he was a doctor of divinity and out of a tin case produced a great sheaf of sheepskins from which he selected his theological diplomatives from Cornell, Ia.

which he selected his theological diploma. It was from Cornell, Ia.

In response to a somewhat searching examination by Justice Josephs, the Rev. Dr. Ward asserted that he was a clergyman on the supernumerary list of the Methodist Episcopal Church and that he had been the pastor of a congregation in Tre-mont within a year. He said that somawas his own discovery, from massage as a railroad train is from a railroad station."

"That is vivid, but not illuminating," observed the Court. observed the Court.

The somatopathist then explained his method of practice. He said that he used no medicine, and never manipulated the bare flesh. His treatment was always given through a garment. As an instance, he said that his method of correcting a distance of the court of the must be must be must be said that his method of correcting as ective spine was to work upon the muscle to straighten the spine by pressure and stretching. He also explained how to fix up a torpid liver. Mr. Sutro objected to this line of testimony, but the court ruled that as the Court had some liver trouble se subject was interesting and ought to be

brought out.
"I notice," observed Justice Josephs, "that in your pamphiets, sir, and in your descrip-tion here you are careful to exclude faith as an element in your treatment. Do you exclude faith in your practice as a dector of divinity, and if not how are you consistent in denying faith as a physical practitioner and not as a metaphysical pastor?"

Dr Ward said that the Methodist com-

Survey and committed to faith cures.

In Survey pointed out a passage in one of a Ward's circulars in which he spoke 'Dr. Ward's patients."

These a doctor of divinity have patients?"

shod the Court. The reverend and diverse practitioner ercord ill at come and was disposed to access the Court at length, but was not per-itted to do so. He asserted very strongly When a patient comes to you end calle i doctor," asked the Court, "do you brestand your services as doctor of di-

the Rev. Dr. Ward said that he took the storter" as an ordinary complimentary feater took the stand. She slid not

let. Butto then the man and maked to do so, or any her win and one had maked to Warti for continued and december that has the chievastimus trouble may december that has the chievastimus december that the fire good. But the terrescape capes shall been seen general. Blue her technical on the taken that we write on an association. When social these her means to the course fearth intel galend to communicate the Kinds at a crange threat that the ferround the friends organization to the course the friends organization to the language through the case. was their greatized in which d ... if the hard the simpley - cutton the hill According - color which the States had

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e stefence, except that he Ward was a seast could be recover. He sought that he ward was not registered

Court. "He does not attempt to practice or to recover as a physician. You might

or to recover as a physician. You might as well try to prove that he is not a registered plumber, as far as it affects this case."

Mr. Sutro said that he had brought the matter into court in public interest. Briefs were submitted. The Rev. Dr. Ward had one or two physicians in court who had sent patients to him for treatment; one of them was from the office of Dr. Egbert Guernsey, who was unable to be present in person. None of these was permitted to testify.

MUSTN'T TALK CUBAN POLITICS. Lieut.-Commander Young Relieved From

Duty at Havana for Talking Too Much. WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.-When Lieutenant-Commander Lucien Young, Captain of the Port of Havana, was visiting in Louisville, Ky., last month, he talked with a newspaper man about political and other affairs in Cuba. To-day the Secretary of the Navy sent a telegram to Mr. Young, who is in Havana, detaching him from duty there as a mark of the Navy Departnent's disapproval of the newspaper interriew. In the interview Mr. Young was made to say that conditions were very bad in Cuba and that the island should be annexed by the United States. In view of assurance given by the War Department to Maso, one of the candidates for President of the proposed Cuban republic, that American officials in the island would not take can officials in the island would not take sides in the coming political contest, Mr. Young's comments caused some embarrassment to the Administration. On his arrival in this country Mr. Young will be admonished officially and then assigned to other duty.

duty.
Mr. Young is a Kentuckian. He was Mr. Young is a Kentuckian. He was the only officer who survived the wreck of the United States steamer Huron off Cape Hatteras. For his conduct on that occasion the Kentucky Legislature gave him a sword. In the war with Spain he commanded the gunboat Hist, which participated in the Santiago campaign, and in the last naval engagement of the war, the attack on Manzanillo.

JUSTICE CROPSEY SPEAKS.

Says He Never Again Expects to See His Daughter Alive.

SUFFOLE, Va., Dec. 11 .- Justice W. H. Cropsey, father of Ella Maude Cropsey, o-night issued a statement of thanks for their kindnesses to the citizens of Elizabeth City and Pasquotank county, N. C. He said also:

"The police officials and Citizens' Committee have done all that human agency

mittee have done all that human agency could do to restore my daughter, but without success. I never expect to see her this side of the Great Eternity."

Judge Cropsey said he believed that one of the persons whose names have been mentioned in the case was instrumental in his daughter's disappearance, and he said that if she is dead he would hold him responsible for her death. He added:
"Some time, when this life shall cease, we shall stand before the presence of the great Judge and at that time I believe that we shall learn how and when he murdered my daughter, and the justice that he may escape here will be dealt to him there."

The Citizens' Committee says to-night it has a promising clue. When Kelley, the detective, visited the Cropsey home to-day Justice Cropsey, in view of reports reflecting on his daughter's character, for whose origin he blames the Norfolk police, became angry. A fight was prevented by the interference of friends. police, became angry. A fight was pre-vented by the interference of friends.

HEAVEN FOR ALL PATRIOT DEAD.

Gen. Brooke Believes a Man's Sins Are Forgiven Who Dies for His Country.

Major-Gen. John R. Brooke was the guest of honor at the annual dinner of the New York Chapter of the Colonial Order of the last evening. Gen. Brooke responded to the toast "Our Flag," and in the course of

his speech said: believe most truly that the man who dies for his country has his sins forgiven him. That I believe as truly as I believe that God lives.

"Our flag has gone beyond the seas and to-day it is flying in far distant lands, where nothing disgraceful has ever taken place under its folds. And never, we hope, may there be an act of oppression where that flag flies. Our flag means civilization and the advancement of our institutions. "One of the greatest of American institutions is freedom of speech. During the last thirty years we have been led to believe that this freedom sometimes breeds license in place of liberty, and I hope that cense in place of liberty, and I hope that license in piace of inberty, and I hope that this license may be eradicated before I am wrapped in the folds of the flag. The other speakers were William Cary Sanger, Bishop Whitehead of Pennsylvania, Robert D. Benedict, the Rev. Dr. Shires and Frederick J. De Puyster.

SALOONKEEPER WARDEN OUT.

No Fighting in His Saloon, but Constant Fighting in the Church Resigns.

Harry Blackley, proprietor of the "Gem." an old-time road house at Coney Island and Webster avenues, Parkville, has resigned as warden of St. John's Protestant Episcopal Church Recently the Rev Dr. Andrew Fleming, rector of the parish, was quoted

Fleming, rector of the parish, was quoted in a local newspaper as saying that he was surprised to find a salconheeper among the wardens of his church.

\*Still he is one of my wardens, one of my congregation, said the liev. Mr. Fleming, and if he is sick. I'll visit him: if he should die. I'll bury him.

When the warden heard this he sat down and wrote his resignation.

\*I don't care to have fir Fleming call on me if I am sick, said the warden. 'fie plant me? Well, I guess not I resigned because of the constant bickerings and quarrelling over there Will, we don't have such things here. I have such things here. I have been here for a great many years and there has never been any fighting going on in my house. But there is a constant seray on in the church. I generally go to church on every church I generally go to church on every Sucramont Sunday because I was brought up to it and then to hear a gived sermon, I was implicable to the Architechop of tantoriury But I won't be mixed up in their fights to I am out

ME HOOLTE AL HERS STRIKE.

Lupais briaries fame a Sunt-Hows in Similes to Fitteton, Pa. Perceios, Pa., Doc. II.-The Offices a business of the public arbonic of this township struck tooley. For the their anjuries trangularly and at present hald sockers on the transmy for electric tranging term \$100 to \$1,000, secreting periods with choice from the pupils. The residence are up in army and an indigration meeting will be held. The Treasurer of the school board informed the attitude that there were attacy falls on insid which were of shore importance than the occarries, but all offers would be made to give them some "Thristonian motion" to a Morday. The same condition of affairs is much to chart its almost every town.

## MURPHY BOUNCES DIAMOND

I HAD NO ALTERNATIVE UNDER THE LAW," SAYS HE.

Decision Dismissing Bissert's Captain From the Force in Disgrace Announced Three Hours After Trial-No Defence -The Plea for Clemency Ignored.

Capt. Thomas J. Diamond of the Fifth street precinct, which has got more than one policeman, including Diamond's wardman, Bissert, into trouble, was dismissed from the force yesterday by Commissioner Murphy as the result of his conviction at Albany on charges of wilful neglect of duty in failing to close disorderly houses. Capt. Diamond, in this second trial, as

n Albany, put in no defence, Ex-Judge J. Rider Cady of Hudson, one of his counsel, simply making a strong plea for elemency Three hours later Commissioner Murphy announced his decision. He sent for Chief Clerk Kipp and gave him the order of dismissal. It said simply that Diamond having been convicted of a criminal offence, to wit: criminal neglect of duty, by a court of competent jurisdiction, it was that he be dismissed from the police force of the city of New York.

Copies of the order dismissing Diamond were sent to Deputy Commissioner Devery's office and to Inspector Cross, who will see hat it is served on Capt. Diamond, the Fifth street precinct being in his district. The captain will then hand in his shield. Following the rule in the Police Depart-ment, the order was read last night in all he stations to the outgoing platoons, and he force was officially informed that Capt Diamond was no longer a policeman. In his plea for clemency at yesterday's hearing ex-Judge Cady complimented Com-missioner Murphy on his record as a soldier

and then said: No man in public office can lay claim to No man in public office can lay claim to a cleaner, more honorable, more respectable career, either in public or private life, than Capt. Diamond. I do not want to appeal unduly to your sympathies, but I want to lay bare the facts. Capt. Diamond has no trade, he has no business. In view of his iong service for the city it was impossible for him to have any. He has a wife and five small chidren. Is he to be turned adrift in the face of his honorable record on account of one offence? I ask you to inflict such punishment as your experience will dictate while the appeal from the decision of the Supreme Court is pending. Do not place upon this man such a stigma of disgrace as final dismissal would involve.

The order dismissing Capt. Diamond caused a shock in the Police Department, for few had believed that he would be bounced. When Commissioner Murphy was asked about his decision he said:

"I had no alternative under the law."

"What effect do you think it will have

"What effect do you think it will have on the force?" Col. Murphy was asked. "That remains to be seen," he replied. Lawyer House said he was disappointed, but that he was preparing an appeal from the conviction of Capt. Diamond at Albany and honed to have it reversed.

and hoped to have it reversed.

District Attorney Philbin was pleased at Col. Murphy's decision. "The dismissal of Diamond," said he, "will have a salutary of Diamond," said he, "will have a salutary effect upon the whole police force, off-setting the light penalty imposed after Diamond's conviction at Albany. The decision of Col. Murphy is another indication that when he sees his duty he will perform it. He has aided my department time and again upon the cocasion of raids. Col. Murphy has done the right thing in the face of great influence to do the wrong one."

Assistant District Attorney Osborne, who prosecuted Diamond at Albany, said: Diamond has been crucified by a system.

ARMED THIEF NABBED.

-Two More Escape With \$1,000 in Loot. When Randolph Miller, an employee of the Department of Public Buildings, got

to his home, 141 East Fortieth street, about 5 o'clock last evening, he found two men bending over a bureau in a bedroom on the third floor. The men jumped into a parlor off the bedroom and closed the folding doors after them.

Mr. Miller couldn't move the doors. He heard the men running through the kitchen to the back of the house, ran after them through the hallway and saw them jump on the fire escape and start to climb down. He got on the fire escape too, and when they saw him coming they drew revolvers. Then they jumped into the yard. One ran through an alley leading from the yard to Fortieth street. The other scaled a twentyfoot wall and tumbled into the yard behind W. J. Schuckman's carriage factory. He

W. J. Schuckman's carriage factory. He picked himself up and revolver in hand ran through the factory, the workmen taking him for a madman.

Mr. Miller followed the man who ran Mr. Miller followed the man who ran through the alley. The burglar ran into an apartment house at the southeast corner of Thirty-ninth, street and Lexington avenue and hid behind the elevator shaft. When the elevator came down the man pointed his revolver at the boy who was pinted his revolver at the boy who was

"Take me up or I'll kill you," said he.

"Take me up or I'll kill you," said he. The boy thought he was dealing with a maniac and crouched down in the car, but did not open the door. The man vanished down Lexington avenue.

Miller found Policeman King and suggested to him that it would be a good plan to walk up to Forty-first street, on a chance of meeting the man who had run through the carriage factory. They did meet him in Forty-first afrest and he took to his back, heading for Third avenue. Mr Miller and the policeman gave chase, and a hundred persons or so joined in The man got to Forty-second street dodgling between dars, and there's placed was cut in an instant, pointed at the head of one in an instant, pointed at the head of one.

"Don't stop the," he said, "or I'll blow one of the point of the said."

One of the young men not the one who stood in freet of the pasted must have been a factical player. He tacked low and throw the cam with the pietod low and throw the cam with the pietod love and throw the cam with the pietod love to the pasted and two lattlets went in the cir. As the man was granpling with his capture Patherman King cashe up and hit hist over the band with his cist. Then he west penegative stought to the East Thirty-fifth street eighting

Ho said to was William Houry e painter method. The World distinct the In-its Miller examinated the receive be found to the the transfer but parked the ring testion of the and Mar Miller's cheffing and had for learning the work. These accessioned the fearings dangers mineling. The posture think that the man-more a pail of the organ two.

The tourgains had marks place for their exempt if surprised for the indicat mend from the first his exempt to the greened had been put in place. Their mesh been a consider of each robbstrace in the blackup Hill methods in the had week.

At: Breefoot Farm Sunsages

Every pole between New York and Staffalo and Stagara Falls to not only inscribing but of great his sorth balance and only in stocked and enloyed as by travel by the New York Central Adv.

PRIZES TO GOOD SERVANTS.

German Housewives' Society Rewards Its Faithful Cooks and Maids.

Mistress and maid met on equal terms vesterday afternoon for an hour or two in Tuxedo Hall, Madison avenue and Fiftyninth street, where the German Housewives' Society distributed its annual presentation of gold pieces to faithful and competent servants. The German Housewives' Society was founded six years ago for the purpose of encouraging faithfulness and competence in servants, and gives a ten-dollar gold piece to each servant employed by a member of the society who has been in continuous service for two

There were twenty-four names on the roll of honor yesterday, nearly all of which were German. Among the exceptions is that of "Fraulein" Delia Flanagan. Miss Flanagan is now on a visit to her home in Ireland, but she sent a letter asking that her gold eagle be forwarded her there. Some of the servants were so well dressed and carried themselves so well that it was hard to tell mistress from maid, and there was, a stunning display of feminine cos-

tumes on all sides. Mrs. Leo Rosenberg, President of the society, addressed a few words in German to the girls before the prizes were distributed. She told them that in the long run fidelity and industry were generally rewarded and that every good housewife was always ready to acknowledge how much a faithful servant added to the comforts of a home. After the presenta-

PAIL STUCK ON BABY'S HEAD. Stayed There Eight Hours Till Doctors Pulled the Thing Off.

tions were made the receivers of the prizes

were entertained at luncheon.

Two-year-old Charles Noblich of 525 West 121st street while left alone by his mother yesterday put a tin pail over his head. The pail covered up his face and fitted his head so well that when his mother tried to get it off it would not come. Then the child began to cry, his mother called in the neighbors and they could not get the pail off.

All the afternoon Mrs. Noblich worked at the pail without success. Last night she took the boy with his head still imprisoned to the J. Hood Wright Hospital. There the doctors found it necessary to bathe the head in lotions to reduce the swelling that the pail had caused before they could pull the thing off.

The boy was none the worse except for the fright which his eight hours' incasement in the pail had caused.

CRITICISED M'KINLEY.

Why Senator Hanna Will Oppose a Postmaster's Confirmation.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 11.-The announcement that Senator Mark Hanna will oppose the confirmation of Frederick Kimbley as Postmaster at Vincennes because as the editor of the Star Kimbley abused President McKinley during the Spanish-American War, has not caused any surprise. Some of the paragraphs from Kimbley's paper have been sent to Mr. Hanna. Two of them

Still the President sits in the White House trying to dicker away the lives and liberties of Americans for the almighty

Cuban question came up has been one of deceit and un-American.

SOUTHERN REPUBLICANS QUIT. Officeholders Resign Party Work in Tennessee - Much Grumbling.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 11.-General criticism by Republicans is being made of the order emanating from the Department of Justice to the effect that Government officials embarrass themselves with the Department when serving as chairmen of political organizations. The substance of the criticism is that the Republican organization in the South is ruined as a result of the action. To-day the chairman and all committeemen of the Second Congress District Executive Committee tendered their resignations to take effect at once. As this is regarded as the second stronger Republican district in the country, the action is regarded as significant and may be followed in other parts of the South. District Attorney Will D. Wright, United States Marshal R. W. Austin and deputies have all tendered their resigna-tions, and others will follow.

WEALTHY WOMAN SENTENCED. Convicted of Burning Her House to Defraud Insurance Companies,

BINGHAMTON, N. Y , Dec. 11 - Mrs. Mary Johnson, who, with I. H. Radford of Buffalo, was indicted for burning the Davidge summer residence at Newark Valley, on the night of July 4, 1900, and who was convicted of the crime, was sentenced by Judge Mead in Owego to serve fifteen years in Auburn. Mrs. Johnson is a woman of considerable wealth and refinement, who has resided in thicago and fuffalo. It is charged that size entered into a conspiracy with several business men to systematically defraud the fire insurance companies, and placed an insurance of \$6.500 on the Davidge residence, which she bought through Red-ford, and then burned it. Her lawyers have assured a stay of sentence pending an effort to secure a certificate of reasonable doubt

HUBIED TEN FEET BY AUTO. Messenger Ho; Hailly Hart by a Swift

Machine to Mrandway William Bitton, a clatego-year-old mosrenger, in econolog Broadway at Fortyeighth street inst night, was struck and knowing ten fast about by an automobile which was specific uplown. The boy's right wrist was broken and he was hadly

In the substantiable out a sum who semi-body in the surewed and was theorge I. three Whosever the parentigor was be at and suid were note. The skilver of the numbers, Louis Waisleys, was looked up. MATON MILLED IN CHERCH

Silps Bood the Massment Stairs and Dies of a figuresistic Should

fracture fraction. The weaters of the Fibrard atreet elipsed down the inventent stairs of the church while channing up after the corresponding the shall was fractured and he does believe to could be incored.

Store Dynamic to Secuntar's Siriler. temperator. Pa. Doc. ii There was another dynamity cutrage here this evening in the street car strike. A stick of dynamite exploded under a sur in Pice Block, with a pediceman standing ion than a block away. The car was going at a high rate of speed and it did not stop howers windows were broken, but no one PRESIDENT MUCH OFFENDED

BY THE SENATE'S DELAY IN CON-FIRMING ATTY.-GEN. KNOX.

Especially as This Treatment, Almost Unprecedented in the Case of a Cabinet Officer, Is Made With the Consent of a Republican Senator on Filmsy Charges. WASHINGTON Dec. 11.-President Roose-

velt and all the members of his Cabinet are very much offended at the action of the Unied States Senate in withholding action on the nomination of Philander C. Knox of Pittsburg to be Attorney-General, in order to gratify the desires of an irresponsible organization known as the Anti-Trust League. The officers of this association, who have long been clamoring for the the enforcement of the Sherman Anti-Trust law, which the Supreme Court of the United States has practically declared unconstitutional, are mainly local organization lead-

ers. They are the same body of men who last summer demanded in writing of Attorney-General Knox that he put them in possession of the facts with regard to the organization of the so-called Carnegie Steel Trust, which he is supposed to have obtained as legal adviser of the local oranch in Pittsburg.

In his reply, the Attorney-General very pointedly told the Anti-Trust League that their demand was impertinent and refused to comply with it. Afterwards he explained that the Carnegie Steel Company, of which he was the attorney in Pittsburg. was in no sense a trust, at least not at the time he was connected with it. Now these disgruntled reformers are attempting to get even by having the United States Senate hold up Mr. Knox's confirmation on the ground that he advised the Carnegie Steel Company to violate the Anti-Trust law.

What makes President Roosevelt and the members of his Cabinet, including Mr. Knox, angry, is that this shabby treatment, which is almost unprecedented in the case of a Cabinet officer, is made with the consent of a Republican Senator, Mr. Hoar of Massachusetts, who is chairman of the Committee on the Judiciary. The committee made a favorable report on the nomination two or three days ago, but after doing this agreed to have the Senate withhold action until the Anti-Trust League could formulate their charges against the Attorney-General in writing and try to prove them They have until Saturday to do this, which of course will carry the whole question over until next week at least. The committee formally notified Mr. Knox of the so-called charges against him and asked if he had any reply to make. He answered that

he had not. In behalf of Senator Hoar it is said as an offset to the very pointed criticism of his action that he was compelled to yield to the demand of the Anti-Trust League for delay under the threat of Senator Jones of Arkansas, the Democratic manager in Senate, that if this was not done he and his party would oppose confirmation. Of course this would not be effective, but the Republicans Senators naturally desire that unanimous action be obtained. There is nothing in the charges of the Anti-Trust League, as they found out when they "The American people, who love liberty and honor even at the cost of war, are becoming sick and tired of the policy of William McKinley. His attitude ever since the tackled the Attorney-General last summer, of the Cabinet at the demand of a minority Senator, basing his action on charges that everybody, himself included, admit are flimsy and trivial.

The following comprise the text of the "charges" against Mr. Knox:
"First—That P. C. Knox was guilty of

criminal practice while the attorney for the Armor Plate Trust. Second-That he advised and assisted the officials of the Armor Plate Trust in robbing the United States Government of

millions of dollars annually. "Third-That directly to him have been traced the operations which were successful in looting the Treasury of millions of dollars.

\*Fourth-That he stands to-day a confessed participant in the criminal practices used to obtain sums of money. \*Fifth-That an investigation will show the truth of these charges and that such an investigation must be had before the nomination can be confirmed.

Sixth-That P. C. Knox, having been proper man for the office of Attorney General, as he will never prosecute those great criminals whom he admits were his former friends and employers '

PLAYED HE WAS CROKER. Stranger at West Baden, Ind., Imposed

on the Public. INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 11 Some visitor at West Baden Springs has been playing a practical joke on the newspaper spondents by representing himself as Rich ard Croker, and he has played his hand so well that others besides newspaper men British Hark Abandoned at See, but After-have been taken in On Monday evening ward Towed Into Puget Sound.

have been taken in On Monday evening a well-dressed, heavy-set stranger arrived at the springs and was soon installed as a guest of the Gagnon.

As Croker had been expected and the stranger bore a strong resemblance to the Tammany objection an attempt was made to interview him on national politics, but he declined to discuss spacetions of that a contactor and waited them all aside with the practor and waived them all aside with the rest the condescended to say, though, the Democrate will win next year, and i was regarded as the statement of an oracle and was accepted without question. The man answered therefore to the name of "Mr. Croker" and there was no suspicion of the imposture till seports were inscrived that trisker land not left New York.

FIRE HORSES HEN ANAL

peixer Holds Actes to Mis Toeth Witte 4 matematica #filments

Wittie Engine No. 16 of the Acres y tary Fro. Inspartment was going slown on asylanted hill in Olemwood accuracy factories. The Hug-son Haulevard and Wood Side accorde carry restarday morning, the pole chico scuspped Driver Thomas Nugeri, who was accupped in its seat, was unable to someour time horses. They galleged part the fre-nt a terrific epond and should along until they had brinco through a force material of the flushed through the feet and respectively. It the first of the attent. The engine want with them and harmond over.

Nugent heid the relies between like facult, each stanfungered bitmost during the relie for jumped a moment before the engine upset and was accurrely brained. The backing was wrecasted and the bornes were bandly injured.

Bener's Wines Are Pare." H. T Lowey & Some Co. 130 Fuller St., S. V.- FLAMES IN LOWER BROADWAY.

Dennison Company's Five-Story Building Probably a Total Loss

Fire started on the ground floor of the Dennison Manufacturing Company's five-story building at 198 Broadway at 1:30 o'clock this morning and before the firemen reached the scene the flames were in danger of reaching Hegeman's drug store, next door at 196.

Three alarms were turned in and the fire was kept within the Dennison building. The company deals in tags and stationery. The building will probably be a total loss.

DEPEW TO WED ON DEC. 24 At Nice, and to Be Back in the Senate

Early in January. Senator Depew, it was announced last night, is to be married to Miss May Palmer at Nice on Dec. 24. There will be a short honeymoon in Europe, and the junior Senator for the State of New York will be back in his seat in the United States Senate

POLICE MISS BROADWAY FIRE. Noise of Breaking Windows Alarms Firemen Around the Corner.

early in January.

The police did not discover a fire which started at 10:30 o'clock last night in the offices of the art needle work firm of the Charles E. Bentley Company on the fifth floor of the twelve-story office building at 583-7 Broadway. Chief Croker is authority for the statement that the fire must have been going for a long time before the men of Truck 20, which is in Mercer street, around the corner from the building, heard the windows bursting in the flerce heat. The firemen were able to put the fire out with a one-alarm force because of the assistance they had from three large standpipes in the building. The damage is put at \$50,000.

BOY FRIGHTENED TO DEATH. Stray Dog Leaped Up to Lick His Face and

Sent Him Mto Convulsions. Giuseppe Lobrano, 4 years old, of 74 Union street, Brooklyn, received a penny from his mother last Saturday. He ran to a nearby store and bought a stick of candy. As he started home a large stray dog leaped up and attempted to lick his sticky face. The little fellow became so frightened that he went into convulsions His mother rushed out of the house and carried him in. He was delirious all night and in the morning Dr. H. Enton was called in. The boy regained consciousness at times, but would soon fall again into convulsions. On Tuesday night he died of

ARTERY IN HER LIP SEVERED.

exhaustion.

Mrs. Palnock, Cut Eating Turkey, Weak From Loss of Blood and Still Bleeding. Mrs. Carrie Painock of 1272 Amsterdam avenue in eating turkey last Sunday cut her lip with a piece of the wishbone. Since then the lip has bled profusely and nothing stopped the bleeding. Yesterday she wen to the J. Hood Wright Hospital and the doctors told her that an artery was cut Late last night the doctors had not been able to stop the bleeding and she had become very weak from loss of blood.

\$5,000 FOR A KINDNESS. Stranger's Bequest to a Man Who Once

MCKEESPORT, Pa , Dec. 11 -George Adams, a miner living at Shaner, this city, has received a bequest of \$5,000 in return for kindness to a stranger. A cold winter's night, ten years ago, Adams was called to his door and found a stranger almost famished. He took him in, fed him and gave him food and a place to sleep. The next morning the stranger, who gave his name as David Craig, was too ill to travel. Adams and his wife nursed him for two weeks. Then he regained his health and left. They never heard of him again until last Monday, when Adams received a letter from a Denver attorney informing him that Craig had died in that city leaving a large amount of property. In his will be bequeathed \$5,000

SURGEON DIES OF POISON. Slight Injury to Dr. Sweetman of Toronto Causes Death.

to Adams and his wife.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 11.-Dr. Leslie Sweetman, a well-known surgeon of To-\*Sixth—That P. C. Knox, having been in collusion with criminals himself, is not a Hopkins Hospital of blood poisoning. Several weeks ago, while cleaning his hands after an operation in the hospital of the University of Toronto he received a small puncture in one of the fingers of his right hand from the nail brush he was using Blood poisoning set in and he came to the Johns Hopkins Hospital for treatment He was attended by Drs. Haistead, Osler and Kelly, the last named an intimate friend Dr. Sweetman was widely known among the medical fraternity. His father, who died some time ago, was Postmaster-den eral of the Dominion of Canada.

SEVEN OF THE CREW LOST.

ward Towed Into Puget Sound TACOMA, Wash., Doc. 11.-The fourmasted British bark Pinmore of Glasgow bound from Santa Rosalia to Portland is beliest was abandoned by her crew of thirty on Thursday morning, the yesnel having gone into the surf at the most of Haft River Two boats were launched but one was immediately capsized and sta men were drowned. After thirty-six thour attories that reactive with one man dead with one man dead from expensive. The rost of the cree inside aftery. The Findance was priced up later and was towed into Puget Sound this afternoon. to a disalited condition

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EDITIONS Va. Lies it Bobert Hamliter, 17 years old, who was appointed a good the the Verginia herate them days agrecigned to day and sell for the horse in Briefol. He gives so the reduce, that he couldn't keep ruch company for \$60 a

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## PENNSYLVANIA R. R. TO TUNNEL

PRICE TWO CENTS.

UNDER BOTH RIVERS AND UNDER MANHATTAN ISLAND.

Underground Terminal Station for Joint Use of Pennsylvania and Long Island Roads-Electricity to Be the Motive Power Used-The Tunnel to Go Deen

Under the Rapid Transit Subway.

As the advent of the new administration of city affairs approaches, announcement is made that the Pennsylvania Railroad will soon apply to the city for a franchise for a deep tunnel for an electric railroad under both rivers and under Manhattan Island to give the road a city terminal and to connect its lines with those of the Long Island Railroad. The plan includes a joint underground terminal station at Seventh avenue and Thirty-third street

The railroad company that will build the tunnel road was incorporated at Albany yesterday, and the railroad company that is to connect the tunnel road, in New Jersey, with the Pennsylvania Railroad lines is organizing. The news helps explain the announcement just made that so far as the Pennsylvania Railroad was concerned the proposal to bridge the North River had been relegated to an indefinite future, and the conclusion of the Pennsylvania Railroad authorities that a terminal tunnel can best be operated by electricity will be interesting

to the New York Central people. President Cassatt of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company made this statement

yesterday: "The Pennsylvania Railroad Company is now prepared to carry out its policy, long since adopted, of extending its railroad into New York city, therein establishing a suitable passenger terminus for the accommodation of the public.

"To accomplish this on a comprehensive plan the Long Island Extension Railroad Company will withdraw its application for powers to construct its terminal railroad, and in lieu of such independent construction it is now proposed to build, under the charter of the Pennsylvania New York Extension Railroad Company, just organized, and a New Jersey railroad company, about to be organized, a through underground connection between the Long Island Railroad and the Pennsylvania lines in New Jersey and the Pennsylvania lines in New Jersey and to construct a proper and commodious joint underground terminal station in New York city for the Pennsylvania and Long

land roads.
"After years of exhaustive study, the conclusion has been reached that a tunnel line, operated by electricity, is in every way the most practical, economical and the best both for the interests of the railroad company and the city. The line as adopted will traverse the city of New York from the Hudson River to the East River and be underground throughout, and at such depth as not to interfere with future construction of subways by the city on all its avenues, similar to the one now building along Fourth avenue.

"As the railroad will be wholly underground and operated electrically in the same manner as the recently constructed.

ground and operated electrically in the same manner as the recently constructed Orleans Railway Extension in Paris, it will not be objectionable in any way. There will not be any smoke, dirt or noise, and as all the surface property may be built upon, after being utilized underneath for railroad purposes, the neighborhood of the station will be improved instead of marred, as is so often the case when railroad lines are constructed on the surface or elevated. "The company has acquired the built of its property for its principal station and means to go forward in the acquisition of such additional properties as will be required, either by purchase or by condemnation, in the belief that the city authorities tion, in the belief that the

instion, in the belief that the city authorities will meet its application in a spirit of fairness and expedite as much as possible this much-needed improvement and great public convenience. Immediately upon the necessary authority being granted the work of construction will proceed and the whole line will be completed and put in operation as soon as possible.

The incorporation papers of the Pennsylvania New York Extension Railroad Company filed at Albany yesterday give its capital as \$1,000,000 and state that it is organized to operate an underground tunnel electric road from a point on the dividing line between the States of New York and New Jersey opposite that part of New York city between West Twenty-third and West Forty-fifth streets, at which point the railroad is to connect with a point the railroad is to connect with a railroad to be organized under the laws of New Jersey, and thence running easterly under the waters of the Hudson River, under the borough of Manhattan and under the waters of the East River to the borough of

the borough of Manhattan and under the waters of the East River to the borough of Queens, to a point near the property of the Long Island Railroad Company.

The directors are: A. J. Cassatt, Thomas DeWitt Cuyler and Clement A. Griscom of Haverford, Pa.; John P. Green of Rosemont, Pa.; Charles E. Pugh of Overbrook, Pa.; Sutherland M. Prevost and W. H. Barnes of Philadelphia: Samuel Rea of Bryn Mawr, Pa., and William H. Baldwin, Jr., of New York

Mr. Cassatt subscribes for 780 shares of stock of the par value of \$100 each, and the other directors for twenty shares each. The following own ten shares of stock each: Robert H. Croff, John W. Marshall and Frank E. Hoff of New York city, William A. Patton of Radnor, Pa.; O. J. DeRousse and W. B. Schoffield of Lamdon, N. J. "It will be one of the greatest underground roads in the world," said one of the treet who are interested in the scheme last read scheme, but they and the Long Island folks have been at work on the plans for some time. Almost all of the land noscied in New York city to carry out the plans has been purchased. The underground station will be very large. At one end of it the Long Island failtread trains will enter and here inside tast on the station as if it were a regular Long Island failtread station.

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